Total RNA extraction from Arabidopsis and tobacco

Allison C. Mallory, Bartel Lab Whitehead Institute

RNA extraction buffer:

0.1M NaCl2% SDS50mM Tris/HCl (pH9)10mM EDTA20mM β-mercaptoethanol

- 1. Grind leaf tissue on liquid N in mortar and pestle.
- 2. Transfer the ground tissue to a 10ml conical bottom centrifuge tube (don't let the tissue thaw) that contains 5vol/g of extraction buffer and an equal volume of phenol (pH 8.0). Vortex the sample 1min. to make sure mixed well. Leave sample at room temp. while grinding the remaining samples
- 3. Once all the samples are in extraction buffer/phenol add an equal volume chloroform and vortex briefly.. Vortex each sample for 1 minute.
- 4. Spin samples at 4C for 10 minutes at 8K.
- 5. Remove the aqueous layer to new tube.
- 6. Do an additional phenol/chloroform extraction, vortex for at least 1 minute and spin as in step 4.
- 7. Remove the aqueous phase to a new tube.
- 8. Add 2x the volume of chloroform and vortex for 1 minute.
- 9. Spin samples at 4C for 10 minutes at 8K.
- 10. Remove aqueous layer to new tube.
- 11. Add 1/10vol 3M NaOAc (pH 5.2) and 3 volumes of cold 100% EtOH to samples. Mix well and place at -80C for 1hour for precipitation.
- 12. Spin pellet down at 8K for 30 minutes.
- 13. Remove the liquid and wash pellet with 70% EtOH. Re-spin for 5-10 minutes.
- 14. Remove the EtOH and allow the pellet to dry (5-10 min. on bench is sufficient).
- 15. Dissolve pellet in RNase-free H₂O.
- 16. Quantitate RNA and use for Northern

I use between 5-30ug of total RNA for small RNA detection (depending on how abundant your small RNA of interest is).